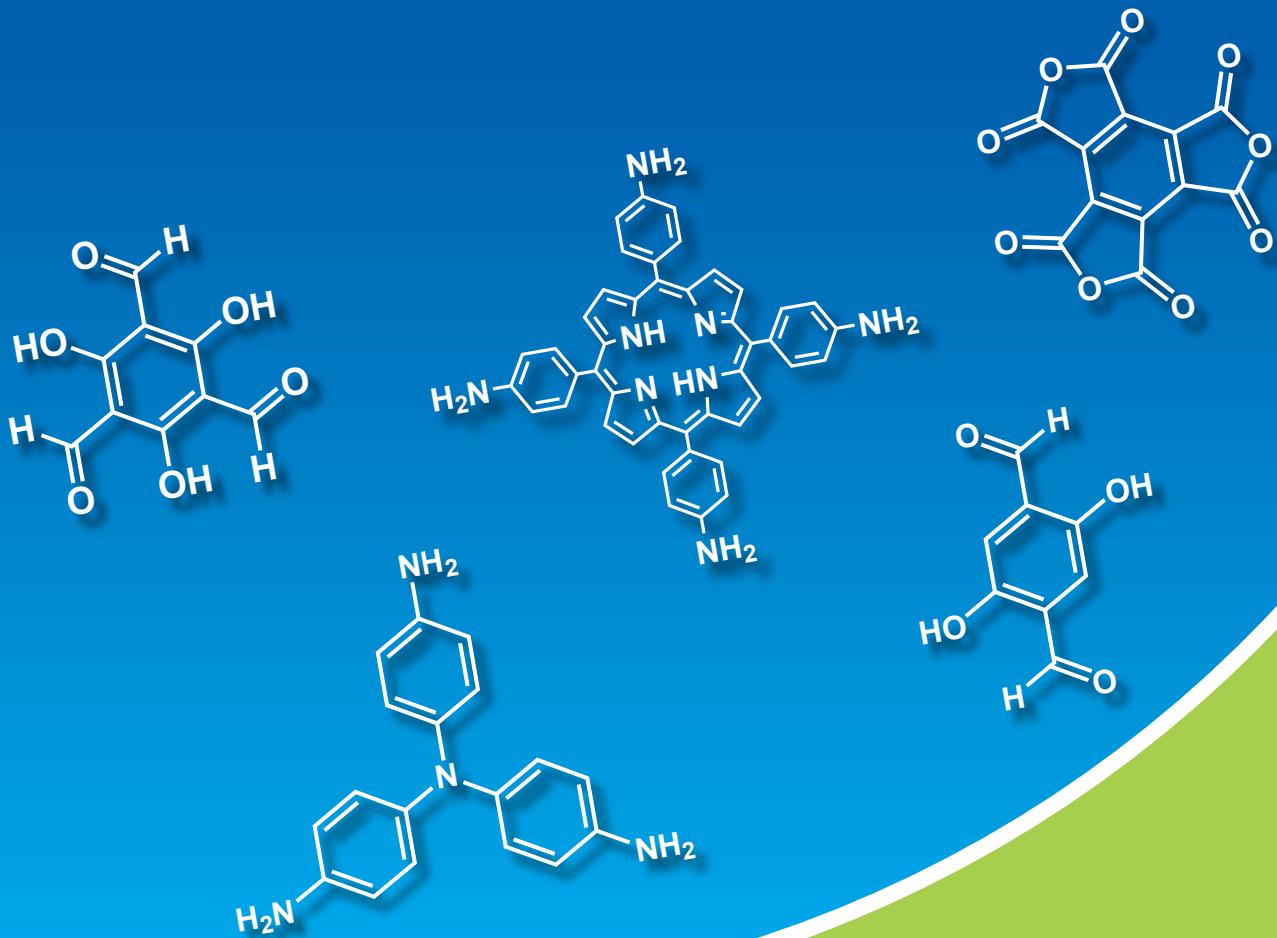


Covalent Organic Framework (COF) Linkers



Amine Linkers

Aldehyde Linkers

Carboxylic Anhydride Linkers

Boronic Acid Linkers

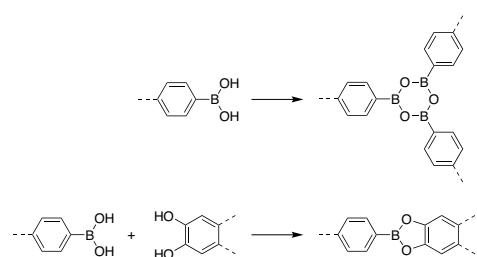
Other Linkers

Covalent Organic Framework (COF) Linkers

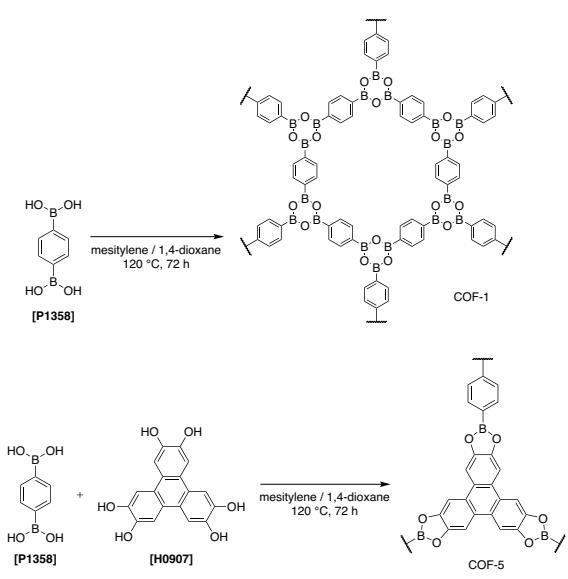
Covalent organic frameworks (COFs) are crystalline organic frameworks consisting of a network structure made of covalent bonds.^{1,2)} COFs are classified as porous crystalline materials similar to metal-organic frameworks (MOFs)/porous coordination polymers (PCPs) and zeolites. They include 2D COFs, which are constructed by stacking layers of 2D covalently bonded sheets, and 3D COFs, which are constructed by 3D connected frameworks. COFs are expected to be used as molecular storage or separation materials, catalysts, electronic materials, energy storage materials, battery materials, and drug delivery materials, due to their porosity, crystallinity, and structural diversity.

COFs are designed and synthesized by combining monomers, also known as linkers, according to intended topology. Some synthetic examples are shown below with synthetic strategies.

● Boroxines and boronic esters

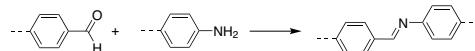


The self-condensation of boronic acids to produce boroxines and the condensation of boronic acids and catechols to produce boronic esters are the first synthetic strategies to synthesize COFs (Scheme 1).¹⁾ The advantages of boroxine-based COFs and boronic ester-based COFs include their tendency to have good crystallinity, large surface area, and high thermal stability.

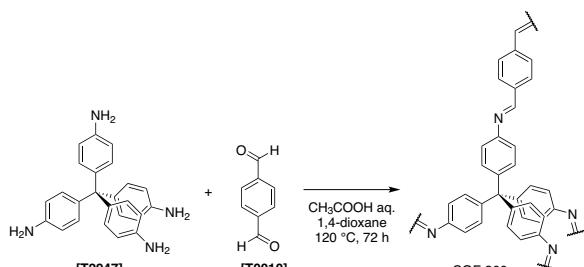


Scheme 1. Synthesis of COF-1 and COF-5¹⁾

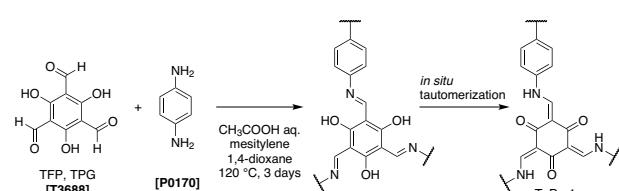
● Imines



Imine-linked covalent organic framework, synthesized by condensation of aldehydes and amines, was first reported in 2009 (Scheme 2),⁴⁾ and imine-based COFs are now the most widely reported COFs. Imine-based COFs have higher chemical stability compared to boroxines and boronic esters. In addition, several researchers have reported post-synthetic modification or functionalization of imine-based COFs, such as the synthesis of COFs for CO₂ capture through the post-synthetic modification and functionalization of imine-based structures.⁵⁾ In 2012, it was reported that β-ketoenamine-type COFs can be synthesized by using 2,4,6-triformylphloroglucinol (TPG, TFP) as an aldehyde linker (Scheme 3).⁶⁾ These compounds have recently received a lot of attention due to their stability towards acids and bases.

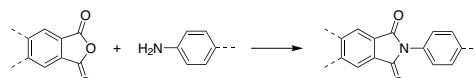


Scheme 2. Synthesis of COF-300⁴⁾



Scheme 3. Synthesis of TpPa-1⁶⁾

● Imides



Imide-linked COFs obtained by condensation of carboxylic anhydrides and amines have also been reported⁷⁾ and are expected to be applied to battery materials⁸⁾ and CO₂ capture materials.⁹⁾

● Other synthetic strategies

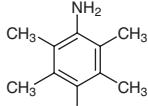
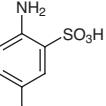
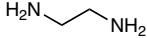
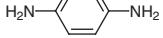
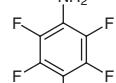
COFs constructed by other linkers besides imines, imides, and boroxines have been realized. Linkers other than amines, aldehydes, carboxylic anhydrides, and boronic acids are used as linkers to prepare these COFs. For example, hydrazone-type

COFs synthesized using hydrazines and aldehydes^{10,11)} and ionic COFs synthesized using 1,2,3-triaminoguanidinium chloride¹²⁾ were reported.

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<https://doi.org/10.1021/jacs.7b12292>

Amine Linkers

T1457	5g 25g		P1691	5g 25g		E0077	25mL 500mL		P0170	5g 25g 250g		T1110	1g	
TMPD CAS RN: 3102-87-2		1,4-Phenylenediamine-2-sulfonic Acid CAS RN: 88-45-9		D3390		D3180		M0220		2,3,5,6-Tetrafluoro-1,4-phenylenediamine CAS RN: 1198-64-7		25g H2N-C6H4-CH2-C6H4-NH2		
T2332 TAPA CAS RN: 5981-09-9		T2728 TAPB CAS RN: 118727-34-7		T3695		T3909		M3538		25g H2N-C6H4-CH2-C6H4-NH2		250mg 1g Melem CAS RN: 1502-47-2		
T2947 TAM CAS RN: 60532-63-0		T1494 5,10,15,20-Tetrakis(4-aminophenyl)porphyrin CAS RN: 22112-84-1		D0077		D0078		D2312		200mg 1g 1,3,5-Tris(4-amino-phenoxy)benzene CAS RN: 102852-92-6		5g 25g 3,3'-Diaminobenzidine CAS RN: 91-95-2		
D1344 <i>o</i> -Dianisidine CAS RN: 119-90-4		T0253 <i>o</i> -Tolidine CAS RN: 119-93-7		D0822		D0092		D0093		5g 25g 3,3'-Dinitrobenzidine CAS RN: 6271-79-0		5g 25g 3,3'-Dihydroxybenzidine CAS RN: 2373-98-0		
D0105 2-Nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine CAS RN: 5307-14-2		D1873 2,5-Dichloro-1,4-phenylenediamine CAS RN: 20103-09-7		D2022		D2183		D4628		250mg 1g 5g 25g 2,7-Diaminofluorene CAS RN: 525-64-4		5g 25g 2,7-Diaminofluorene Dihydrochloride CAS RN: 13548-69-1		
T0334 1,2,4-Triaminobenzene Dihydrochloride CAS RN: 615-47-4		T0337 Melamine Monomer CAS RN: 108-78-1		A1211		C1426		D5510		5g 25g 100g 4-Aminobenzohydrazide CAS RN: 5351-17-7		5g 25g 100g <i>trans</i> -1,4-Cyclohexanediamine CAS RN: 2615-25-0		
T0010 Terephthalaldehyde CAS RN: 623-27-8		D6056 DMA CAS RN: 7310-97-6		D5510		D6056 DMA CAS RN: 7310-97-6		T0010 DHTA CAS RN: 1951-36-6		1g 5g HO-C6H4-C(=O)-C(=O)-OH		1g 5g O=C(=O)-C6H4-C(=O)-OCH3		
Aldehyde Linkers														

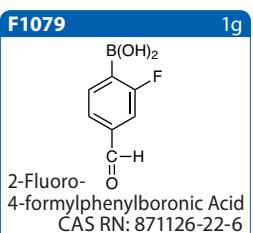
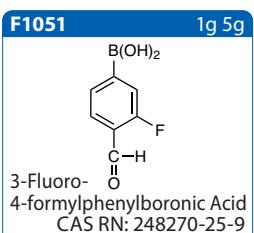
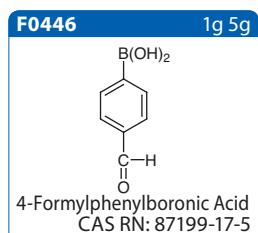
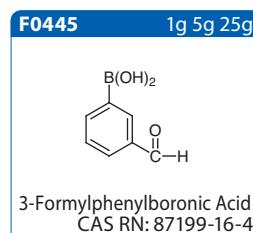
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A2664 9,10-Diformylanthracene CAS RN: 7044-91-9	B2854 BPDA CAS RN: 66-98-8	T4088 TFTA CAS RN: 3217-47-8	B5484 4,8-Bis(<i>n</i> -octyloxy)benzo-[1,2- <i>b</i> :4,5- <i>b'</i>]dithiophene-2,6-dicarbaldehyde CAS RN: 1668554-22-0	T3212 Thieno[3,2- <i>b</i>]thiophene-2,5-dicarboxaldehyde CAS RN: 37882-75-0
F0310 4-Hydroxyisophthalaldehyde CAS RN: 3328-70-9	H0683 2-Hydroxy-5-methyl-isophthalaldehyde CAS RN: 7310-95-4	I0153 Isophthalaldehyde CAS RN: 626-19-7	P0949 2,6-Pyridinedicarboxaldehyde CAS RN: 5431-44-7	F0445 3-Formylphenylboronic Acid CAS RN: 87199-16-4
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Carboxylic Anhydride Linkers

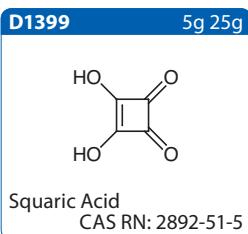
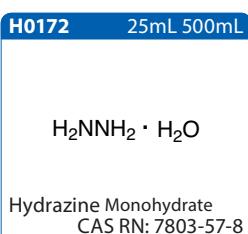
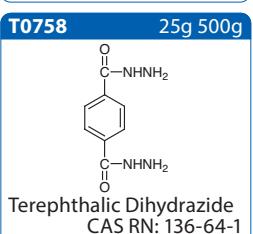
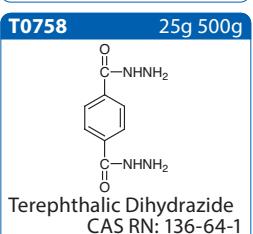
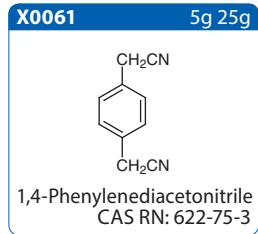
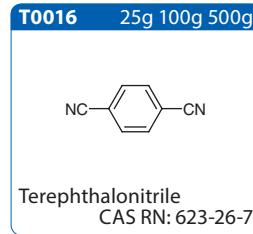
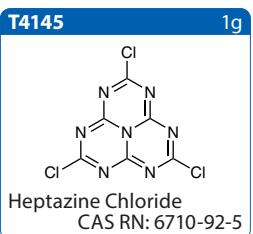
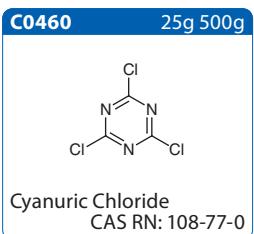
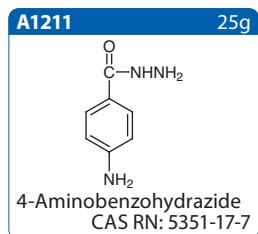
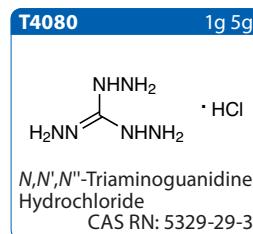
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Boronic Acid Linkers

P1358 BDBA CAS RN: 4612-26-4	B2490 BPDA CAS RN: 4151-80-8	D4701 (9,9-Dimethyl-9 <i>H</i> -fluorene-2,7-diyl)diboronic Acid CAS RN: 866100-14-3
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